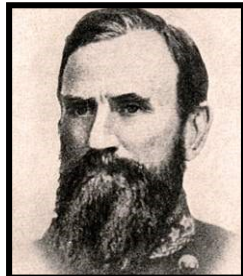


The Delta General Newsletter

July, 2026

Volume 9, Issue 7

The official publication of the Brig/Gen Benjamin G. Humphreys Camp #1625,
Mississippi Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans



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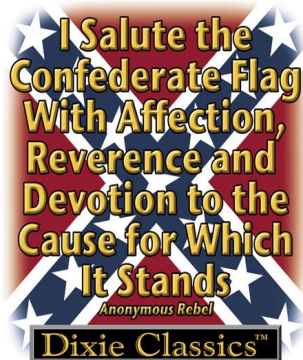
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Larry McCluney, Editor:
Confederate @suddenlink.net

The Delta General is published 12 times a year by the Brig/General Benjamin G. Humphreys Camp as a service to its members. The articles, photo-



Next Camp Meeting on July 11, 2026 @ 6:00 PM. Meal provided by the OCR Chapter Ella Palmer. Please give donations to them for food.

Commander's Comments: Michael Anthony

Greetings men and ladies of the Benjamin G Humphreys Camp, the Brigadier General Charles Clark Chapter of the Military Order of the Stars and Bars, the Ella Palmer Chapter of the Order of the Confederate Rose, and our friends and followers who read this newsletter. Some of you who read this attended the Division Reunion June 5-6; I hope you had as good of a time as I did. If you did not attend the Division Reunion, you missed a great opportunity to learn more about our Confederation, celebrate the awards and accomplishments of your compatriots, vote on Division business that affects you; and most fun, reunite with old friends and make new ones. Next year's Division Reunion will be hosted by the William P Rogers Camp from Corinth, and though the exact location of the Reunion is not yet finalized, it will be somewhere in the Corinth area. Reserve the first weekend in June and make plans now to attend. I hope to see you there!

Support for the Mississippi Division, for the Sons of Confederate Veterans, and Living the Charge comes in many different forms. Some people love attending Reunions and some do not. Some people are reenactors and some people don't like being outside. Some people are excellent writers and prolific readers while others abhor the thought of picking up a book. Some of us are wealthy and donate freely while others of us are forever short on funds. What is important to remember is that all of us share the blood of the Confederate Veteran and our organization gives all of us a wealth of ways to Live the Charge and perpetuate the good and honorable name of the Confederate Veteran. While some of us certainly do more than others, none of us who Lives the Charge and believes in the Cause is more or less "Confederate" than others. Some of our ancestors served four years in service to the Confederacy, some served four months. Our organization does not ask about an ancestor's length of service as a prerequisite to membership. That he served with honor is the only prerequisite to membership. So focus upon what you can do to Live the Charge and perpetuate the good and honorable name of the Confederate soldier and the Cause for which he fought. Don't worry about what your fellow Camp or Division member does or does not do. Celebrate the accomplishments of others and avoid criticism. When we fight together, we will be victorious over our enemies.

If you are going to the National Reunion have a wonderful time in Lexington! There is so much to see and experience in central Kentucky in the Lexington area. If that is not on your calendar for July, perhaps a visit to a battlefield or to Beauvoir, or reading a good history of the War or of one of our Confederate heroes will be in store for you this summer. Whatever you do, remember that it is your sacred responsibility to always Live the Charge, and uphold the good and honorable name of the Confederate soldier. Have a wonderful summer!

Your membership in the Sons of Confederate Veterans will expire July 31, 2026. Please pay your Annual dues as soon as possible so you won't forget. Below is a breakdown of your dues and a listing of Optional Giving.

National Dues -	\$ 35.00
Division Dues -	\$ 10.00
Camp Dues -	\$ 10.00
Total -	\$ 55.00

**RENEWAL
REMINDER**

If you are a National or Division Life member, please subtract the corresponding amount.

If you are a past member and wish to rejoin, you must add \$7.50 to the above total.

If you are a new member, you must add a \$5 filing fee to the above total and submit a signed application along with your dues.

!! Checks made be made payable to **B/G Ben G. Humphreys Camp #1625, SCV**. If you have a **VENMO** account, you can pay using this method. The account name is **@Dan-McCaskill-3**

Any questions, you can contact me at danmccas@tecinfo.net or 1-662-822-1096

Your Servant,
Dan A. McCaskill, Camp Adjutant

Adjutant Report: June 13, 2026 - Dan McCaskill

Call to Order: At 6:00 PM CDT by Commander Michael Anthony
Opening Prayer and Blessing: Compatriot Larry McCluney
Pledge, Salutes, and Reading of The Charge: Color Sergeant Earl Allen

Commander Michael Anthony welcomed everyone to our monthly Camp Meeting and stated this will be a short meeting due to the lack of known new business and very little old business to consider. As the Ladies from the OCR prepared the evening meal, Commander Anthony moved on Officer Reports.

Officer Reports: Commander Michael Anthony deferred his report to the business session; 1st Lt. Commander David Floyd was absent but it was reported that our speaker for July, Jimmy Jones, crossed over the river on June 8th. Our prayers are for Jimmy's family. Michael and David will be giving a program on the SPLC in either August or September. Adjutant Dan McCaskill reported that the Camp's checking account balance stands at \$2,910. The \$500 for the Black Confederate Monument was presented to the MS Division at the Reunion. This amount includes \$1,075 in Capital Reserve, \$405 in annual dues, and \$299 for Heritage Defense. Dues have been collected from 15 of the 46 current members. No funds have been spent from the budget since the last meeting. MOSB: Commander Earl McCown was absent. Adjutant Dan McCaskill reported that the B/G Charles Clark Chapter received an award at the National Reunion for 100% retention of membership; Editor: Larry McCluney asked if everyone received the Camp's Newsletter and if they had any problems. Everyone present received the newsletter without any problem. OCR: Missy Stillman announced that Laura Moore is the new President of the MS Society. PCIC: Larry McCluney received the Credentials as the Camp's Representative at the upcoming National Reunion in Lexington, KY.

At this time, Commander Anthony recessed the meeting for our evening meal.

New Business: **1) National Reunion:** The Camp confirmed its support for Anthony Griffin for Commander-in-Chief, Roy Hudson for Lt. Commander-in-Chief, and Forrest Daws for Army of Tennessee Executive Councilman, and vote on all other issues for the betterment of the Confederation.

Old Business: No old business to be considered.

MS Division Reunion: Commander Anthony gave a brief summation of the 2026 Division Reunion at Beauvoir. **1)** The Division initiated a Cadet Program for young male decedents from birth to eleven. When they turn twelve, they can join the SCV. Dues for this program will be determined at the next DEC meeting. **2)** A new Social Media Guidelines were adopted. The Division Facebook Page and the Website will have a public version and a Member's Only version. **3)** The Camp received two awards; the Superior Camp Award (3rd time) and the Newsletter Award for Small Camps. Congratulations Larry! Also, Larry McCluney received the Publication Award for his Book, "Paradox of Freedom". Well done, Larry! **4)** The Convention Delegates voted to increase Division by \$10. This will bring Division Dues up to \$20 and will go into effect with next year's renewal cycle. The extra money will be used primarily for heritage defense. **5)** 1st Lt. Commander Terry Arthur resigned from his office due to health reasons and family commitments. This elevated Boyd Coker to 1st Lt. Commander. The atmosphere and camaraderie were great. The speaker at the Award's Banquet was superb, our own Camp member, Cecil Fayard. The 2027 Reunion will be hosted by the William P. Rogers Camp. Place to be announced.

Program: With no speaker, the program for the evening was a video provided by Larry McCluney featuring Starke Miller from Oxford titled "Burnings in Mississippi, 1862-1864. At the time of his program, Starke had confirmed that 50 cities and towns in Mississippi were burned by the Yankees between 1862 to 1864. This number does not include the many single homes and structures that were also burned. One small town not mentioned was Greenville and the surrounding plantations. It was a good video because it raised our blood pressure.

With no other business coming before the Camp, a motion to adjourn was made and duly seconded and the motion passed without objection. The Meeting was closed with prayer by Larry McCluney and the singing of Dixie. Attendance for the meeting was 10. The next Camp Meeting will be July 11, 2026. We wish everyone a joyous and safe 4th of July as we celebrate the 250th Anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

The Chaplain's Pen — Earl McCown

'Doth this offend you?'
 Read John 6:48-65



No man can faithfully preach the gospel of Christ without offending men. To many it is a stone of stumbling and a rock of offense. The preaching of the cross is the one means which God has ordained for the salvation of sinners. Yet it is most offensive to the natural man. Why? The answer is not hard to find.

The gospel of the grace of God offends man's dignity, because it addresses all men as sinners. The gospel leaves no place for human dignity. It is the great leveler of men. All are sinners. We all by nature are nothing more than helpless condemned sinners.

The gospel of God offends man's wisdom, because it comes by divine revelation. It is not possible for any man to know the gospel unless it is revealed in his heart.

The gospel offends man's pride, because it declares a particular and effectual redemption. Our Lord Jesus did actually put away sin. By His mighty act of death, as our Substitute. Jesus Christ did really and completely accomplish eternal redemption for His people. There is nothing for the sinner to do, whereby he might proudly claim merit before God. You must bow to Christ, receiving all grace from Him as a pure, free gift, or you must perish.

And the gospel of God's grace and glory in Christ offends man's love of self, because it demands discipleship. The gospel demands commitment. It demand total, unreserved surrender to the Lordship of Christ. No man has saving faith in Christ who does not in his heart confess and acknowledge that Christ is Lord, submitting to His will, surrendering to His dominion, and trusting His grace. If Jesus Christ is not your Lord and King, He is not your Redeemer and Savior.

To many the gospel is offensive. That cannot be changed. As surely as you attempt to make it pleasing to natural men, you will compromise its message and there will be no gospel in it. But to them who are called by the almighty grace, it is the power and wisdom of God.

Mississippi Division News:

Mississippi Division Reunion Report

Commander Anthony gave a brief summation of the 2026 Division Reunion at Beauvoir, June 5-6. Festivities at the Reunion began Friday evening with the President's Birthday Reception. Heavy Hors d'oeuvres, drinks, and birthday cake. The following are the highlights of the Business Session Saturday morning. **1)** The Reunion delegates adopted a Constitutional Amendment to initiate a Cadet Program for young male decedents from birth to eleven. When they turn twelve, they can join the SCV. Dues for this program will be determined at the next DEC meeting. **2)** New Social Media Guidelines were adopted and placed in the Standing Orders to regulate the Division's Social Media Platforms. The Division Facebook Page and the Website will have a public version and a Member's Only version. **3)** The Convention Delegates voted to increase Division by \$10. This will bring Division Dues up to \$20 and will go into effect with next year's renewal cycle. The extra money will be used primarily for heritage defense. **4)** The Camp received two awards; the Superior Camp Award (3rd time) and the Newsletter Award for Small Camps. Congratulations Larry! Also, Larry McCluney received the Publication Award for his Book, "Paradox of Freedom". Well done, Larry! **5)** At the Awards Banquet, The B/G Charles Clark Chapter was presented the MOSB Award for 100% Retention of its members. **6)** 1st Lt. Commander Terry Arthur resigned from his office due to health reasons and family commitments. This elevated Boyd Coker to 1st Lt. Commander. The atmosphere and camaraderie were great. The speaker at the Awards Banquet was superb, our own Camp member, Cecil Fayard who spoke on the character of Jefferson Davis. The 2027 Reunion will be hosted by the William P. Rogers Camp. Place to be announced. Everyone who has not attended a Division Reunion should do so at least once.

God Bless the South.

MS Division Sons of Confederate Veterans Vehicle License Plates



At the 2005 MS Division, SCV, convention, the Division renewed its pledge to preserve/conservate MS's original Confederate Battle flags. Show your support for your Division and our Flags by purchasing a Mississippi Sons of Confederate Veterans "vanity" car or motorcycle tag today (if you haven't already done so)! If you've already done so, please continue to purchase the tags when tag replacement time rolls around!

When you purchase a MS SCV car or motorcycle tag, \$26 of your purchase price comes directly to the MS Division. The majority of these funds are used for the restoration of the original MS Confederate Battle flags in the Mississippi Museum of History in Jackson. The remainder being used to fight heritage violations.

The Mississippi division has to date restored nine original MS Confederate Battle flags and two more are in process, at a total cost of approximately \$100,000! Thus conserved, these flags should now last for at least two-hundred more years! What a gesture to our noble Confederate grandsires!

According to the Department of Archives and History, a sampling of conserved flags are beautifully framed, then put on display at the Mississippi Museum of History and Beauvoir (Museum).

Restoration of these storied emblems is exceedingly expensive, with typical conservation costs ranging from \$3,000 to \$27,000 per flag. This vital work is done by hand, using the latest methodologies and state-of-the-art materials. One of the finest conservation services in the nation performs all the work in-house in West Virginia.

If not conserved, these most-precious artifacts of our history — the very "colors" that our Patriot forebears fought and died under — will simply crumble into dust. We can't let that happen!

Anyone can buy a MS SCV car or motorcycle tag! You need not be a Member of the Division! You don't have to show a Membership card or any other SCV identification. Ask friends, family, and co-workers to buy one today and, thus, help preserve a little bit of MS's proud history! Make your family fleet of vehicles an "all SCV" fleet!

To purchase a tag, simply go to your county tag office and request a MS Sons of Confederate Veterans tag! Take your present tag, fill out the forms, write a check, and affix your SCV tag to your vehicle, showing all who see your car/truck/motorcycle that you are a Mississippian who cares about your "Heritage of Honor"!

Note: Some tag offices do not have the SCV car tag on display, but it is available. You might respectfully request that your local office display the tag in their tag displays, so that other folks can become aware of its availability for purchase. Make sure that tag office personnel know that anyone can purchase the tag, not just SCV Members!

If you have any problems obtaining a MS SCV tag or employees claim that they can't get such tags, immediately contact the MS State Tax Commission, register a gentlemanly complaint, and respectfully request that the State Tax Commission make your local tag office comply with State law and procure a MS SCV tag for you.

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Life Memberships

Life memberships in both the International Confederation and the Mississippi Division are available for Members who make a qualifying contribution to the respective Life Membership Endowment Fund.

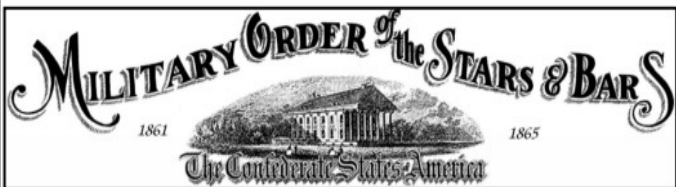
The amount of the qualifying contribution shall be twenty-five (25) times the amount of annual dues for applicants up to 65 years of age, twelve and one half the amount of annual dues for applicants 65 to 80 years of age and six and one fourth the amount of annual dues for applicants 80 years of age or older.

International Life Members shall be exempt from the payment of per capita dues to General Headquarters. Mississippi Division Life Members shall be exempt from the payment of per capita dues to the Division.

Life Members may receive such special recognition, certificates and badges as the respective Executive Council shall deem proper. Request and Send applications to: Adjutant@Mississippiscv.org



SCV Chat Every Monday Night on Facebook at 7:00 PM Central time and on Thursday Nights at 7:00 PM for Look Around the Confederation



Brig/General Charles Clark Chapter 253, MOS&B



A Report from the Commander General Terry Phillips

To all fathers, grandfathers, and father figures of the Order "Thank You" for your strength, wisdom, and the foundation you have provided. I want to wish each of you a "Happy Father's Day." I would also like to say "Thank You" to my father and grandfathers for their guidance, wisdom, and support through the years to both my brother and me.

I had the honor on June 6th to bring "Greetings" at the Southern Memorial Association's 153rd Confederate Memorial Service honoring our Confederate Soldiers buried in Fayetteville Arkansas. These were men from the States of Arkansas, Louisiana, Missouri, and Texas that fought in battles and skirmishes around this area. With the joint work of the SMA, local MOS&B Chapters, Societies, SCV Camps, and Divisions, the cemetery is cared for and maintained. June in the eastern part of the Army of the Trans-Mississippi is the time for many Confederate Memorial Celebrations. Missouri and Arkansas have their services usually as close to President Jefferson Davis's birthday as possible.

On June 13th I traveled to Higginsville, Missouri and brought "Greetings" on behalf of the Order at the rededication ceremony hosted by the Missouri Division UDC. Also attending and bringing comments were ATM Commander Herb Turner and Executive Director Jon Trent. The Missouri Society and SCV Division helped fund the refurbishment of the UDC Confederate Memorial Stone at the Confederate Soldiers Home and Historic Site.

We then attended the Memorial Service at the Chapel hosted by the Confederate Memorial Friends Association. Here we honored the over 700 Confederate Soldiers buried at this site along with the more than 1,600 veterans and their families that were housed from 1891 to 1950.

It was great to see all our MOS&B members attending these events and to visit and fellowship with each and everyone. Thank you for taking the time to attend and honor our veterans. I also had the privilege of conducting the "Swearing in Ceremony" of Missouri Society Lt. Commander Dalton Bilderback in the Chapel at Higginsville.

Remember the importance of what our Confederate Veterans and their families went through during the "War of Northern Aggression." We must fight to honor their service and keep the truth of their actions alive in not only our hearts but in the hearts of our youth. I hope each of you will strive to attend or work to organize a memorial service in your area for 2027.

God Bless each of you and our beloved Southland.

Terry R. Phillips, DCS
Commander General
Military Order of the Stars & Bars



BEAUVIOR

Beauvoir, the historic post-war home of President Jefferson Davis, is owned and operated by the Mississippi Division of the Sons of Confederate Veterans. There are several ways that you can participate in the continued preservation of this beloved landmark located in Biloxi, Mississippi.



*Beauvoir - Post-war home of Jefferson Davis.
Biloxi, Mississippi*

Friends of Beauvoir

For as little as \$25 annually, you can become a member of the Friends of Beauvoir. Membership includes tour admission and a 10% discount at the Beauvoir gift shop.



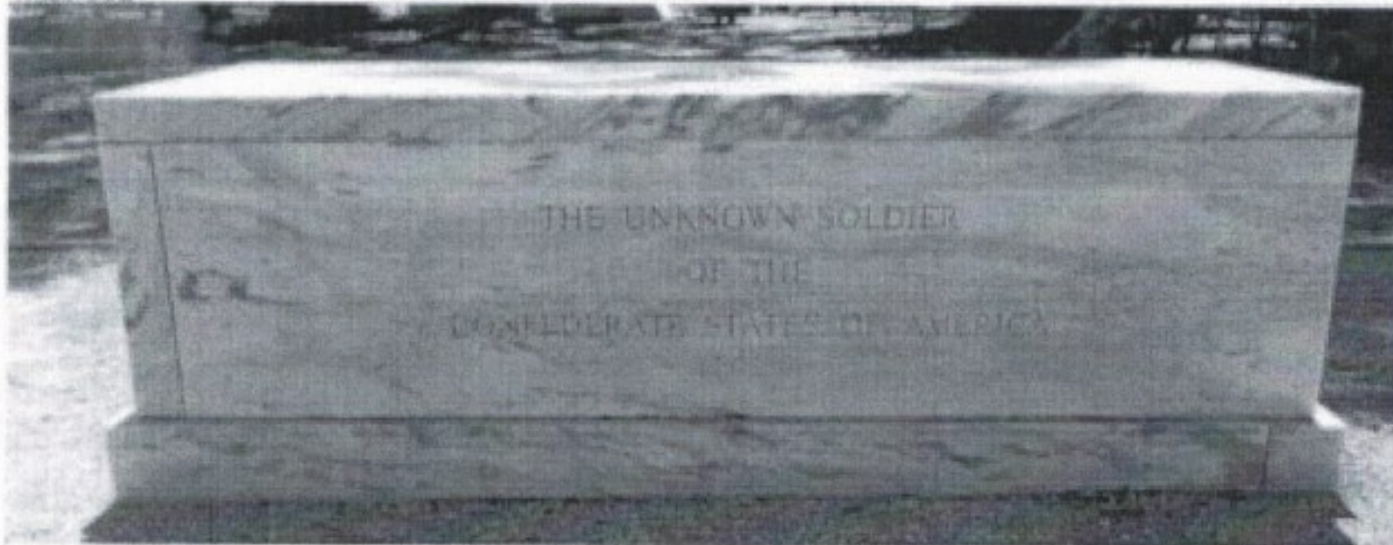
*The Jefferson Davis Presidential Library located on the grounds of
Beauvoir in Biloxi, Mississippi.*

Bricks for Beauvoir

Honor your Confederate ancestors while supporting Beauvoir. Each brick that you purchase will be engraved with your ancestors rank, name, unit, and company. The memorial bricks will be laid creating a sidewalk from the UDC Arch to the Tomb of the Unknown Confederate soldier. For more information on these opportunities, please visit www.visitbeauvoir.org or contact Beauvoir directly at (228) 388-4400.

Bricks for Beauvoir and the Tomb of the Unknown Solider

Honor your confederate Ancestors by purchasing an Ancestral Memorial Brick for \$50.00 each in the Memorial sidewalk of the Confederate Cemetery at Beauvoir. The plans for the sidewalk are nearing completion, so if you want a brick put down for your ancestor you need to get your order in soon, so as not to miss out.



Each brick that you purchase will be engraved with your ancestors rank, name, unit and company. Memorial bricks will be laid, memorializing your ancestor, in a sidewalk from the UDC Arch to the Tomb of the Unknown Confederate Solider at Beauvoir.

Detach and send in the form below to the address listed to order your bricks.

Ancestral Brick Order Form

Instructions: Use the lines as laid out no more than 15 spaces per line. You may use abbreviations when necessary. Please include your name and address, for confirmation letter. (See Sample Below)

Line 1: _____

(First and Last Name)

Line 2: _____

(Rank)

Line 3: _____

(Unit)

ORDER YOUR ANCESTOR'S BRICK TODAY!

Make Checks out for \$50.00 per brick to:

Bricks for Beauvoir

Mail to: Bricks for Beauvoir

2244 Beach Blvd

Biloxi, MS. 39531

OR

Visit our gift shop where you
can pay by cash or credit!

Example:

Pvt. JAMES W.

McCluney

6th MS CAV, CO. F

Mississippi Guardian Program Application

Turn Application into Division Guardian Committee Chairman

Name of Applicant: _____

Address: _____ City: _____

Zip Code: _____ Phone #: () _____

E-Mail Address: _____

SCV Camp Name & Number: _____

Location: _____

GRAVESITE DETAILS

Confederate Veterans Name: _____

Rank: _____ Unit: _____ Co.: _____

Born: ____/____/____ Died: ____/____/____ Condition of site: Poor. Fair. Good. Excellent

(circle one)

Location of Grave: (Include name of cemetery, city and county): _____

Marker on Grave denoting Confederate Service: _____ Cross of Honor? _____

Documentation of Confederate Service: List book, service record, etc. _____

I affirm that all the information here is true and accurate. I agree to faithfully care for and protect this Confederate Veteran's grave in accordance with the GUARDIAN PROGRAM rules for as long as I am able. In the event I cannot carry out my duties, I shall notify the Review Committee immediately. I also understand that the Review Committee can revoke my status as a GUARDIAN for good cause.

Applicant Signature: _____ Date: ____/____/____

Committee Chairman: _____ Date: ____/____/____

Mail Application, Map and Photos to:

Mississippi Division Guardian Program
123 Douglas Street
Bruce, MS. 38915

EVENTS FROM AROUND THE DIVISION

July 11th, 2026	Beauvoir Boards Meeting
July 11th, 2026	2nd Brigade Meeting
July 15th-19th, 2026	SCV National Reunion (Lexington, KY)
August, 2027 TBA	Fort Morgan Living History/Reenactment
August 8th, 2026	Mississippi DEC Meeting
August 15th, 2026	Carl and Nancy Ford Heritage and Education Conference
August 22nd, 2026	Magnolia Ride
September 4th, 2026	5th Brigade Meeting
September 12th, 2026	Grand Gulf Living History
September 19th, 2026	Battle of Iuka Anniversary and Monument Dedication (hopeful)
September 26th, 2026	1G Annual (possibly)
October 2nd-4th, 2026	Gator Run
October 3rd, 2026	GEC Meeting (probably)
October 10th, 2026	2nd Brigade Meeting
October 16th-18th, 2026	40th Fall Muster and Beauvoir Boards Meeting
November 7th, 2026	Mississippi DEC Meeting
December 4th, 2026	5th Brigade Meeting & Christmas Social
December 19th, 2026	Christmas in Camp at Beauvoir
December 19th, 2026	Christmas in Camp at Beauvoir
January 23rd, 2027	Beauvoir Boards Meeting
February 7th, 2027	1894 State Flag Day
February 19th-21st, 2027	Battle for the Texas Hospital

National News



21st Century Confederate Heroes

The National Sons of Confederate Veterans welcomes you to the 21st-Century Confederate Heroes. Your generous donation will serve to remember and honor our Confederate Heroes and our beloved Southland. The program comes with many perks.

- 1) Flag streamer or Neck Ribbon a. If you submit as an individual, you will receive a neck ribbon with a 21st Century Confederate Heroes medal on the ribbon. b. If you submitted as a camp, division or organization, you will receive a 21st Century Confederate Heroes streamer for your flag.
- 2) Paver – a paver placed on the Walkway of Confederate Heroes from the Museum to the Forrest Plaza
- 3) Certificate – A certificate documenting for future generations your membership as a Confederate Hero
- 4) A copy of the hardcover book 21st Century Confederate Heroes with a page dedicated to the information provided by you that details the individual or camp, etc. you wish to memorialize. Up to three photos may be included

Donor recognition in the National Confederate Museum – A Television will be placed inside the Museum's gift shop. This TV will display PowerPoint slides of the information 21st Century Confederate Heroes members provide. It can be you, your family, your ancestor,

- 1) your camp, etc.
- 2) A Flag flown from the Forrest Plaza – One of the purposes of the 21st Century Confederate Heroes is to restore the Forrest Plaza. Once the plaza has been rebuilt and the flagpole is placed, every month for a year a donor will be drawn to receive the flag flown the previous month.
- 3) A QR Code on a sign will be placed near the Forrest Plaza identifying all those who donated \$1,000 or more to the restoration of the Forrest Plaza prior to the 21st Century Confederate Heroes campaign.

Notes:

Make checks out the Sons of Confederate Veterans and note 21st CCH in the memo line of your check.

For more information contact Commander-in-Chief Walter D. Kennedy at: CiC@scv.org

Or contact National HQ by mail or email:

SCV, P.O. Box 59, Columbia, TN 38402
exedir@scv.org



THE NATIONAL CONFEDERATE MUSEUM AT ELM SPRINGS

The truth about the South's struggle to form a new nation is under attack as never before. The National Battlefield Parks have been taken over by the "it's all about slavery" provocateurs. Museums have changed their collections and interpretations to present what they call the cultural history of the War for Southern Independence. In reality this new perspective is nothing more than South bashing. The forces of political correctness have gone into high gear. They attempt to ban any and all things Confederate through their ideological fascism.

There needs to be at least one place where the people of the South and others can go to learn an accurate account of why so many struggled so long in their attempt to reassert government by the consent of the governed in America!

The General Executive Council of the Sons of Confederate Veterans made the commitment in October of 2008 to start the process to erect a new building that will have two purposes. One of the uses of this new building will be to give us office space and return Elm Springs to its original grandeur. However the main function is to house The Confederate Museum. We are planning a museum that will tell the truth about what motivated the Southern people to struggle for many years to form a new nation. At the SCV Reunion in July of 2009 the GEC set up a building fund for this purpose. One of the goals is to provide an accurate portrayal of the common Confederate soldier, something that is currently absent in most museums and in the media.

These plans have now become a reality. The ground breaking has taken place and the museum is now open.

Take this journey with us and support the museum as a donor or join the Friends of the Museum today!

Send Donations to:
 Sons of Confederate Veterans
 Attn: National Confederate Museum
 P.O. Box 59
 Columbia, TN 38402

Or you can call 1-800-MY-DIXIE to pay by credit card.

www.theconfederatemuseum.com

Urethane UDC Style Confederate Cross of Honor

Offered by Moses Wood Camp #125 SCV



The urethane Cross of Honor is made to last a lifetime and it never needs painting as it is pigment dyed during the injection molding process.

The crosses are 26 inches in length with rebar. These Crosses are made from a mold of an original UDC Cross of Honor.

Since Oct. 2010 we have sold over (3,000) Crosses across the United State mailing them as far west as California and as far north a Connecticut with 65% being sold across the South, our Camp has purchased over (700) of our own Crosses and placed them in over (70) different Cemeteries in order to begin the process of placing a Cross on all of the over 900 Confederate Soldiers buried in Cherokee County, S.C

For ordering information contact Robert E. Little at rmrel1948@yahoo.com or by phone at 1-864-542-5736 Crosses are \$50.00 plus packaging and handling and postage to your door. Discounts are available on S&H when more than two crosses are purchased.

Make checks payable to: Moses Wood Camp 125 SCV 109 S. Johnson St. Gaffney, SC

My name is Robert Little, Adjutant of the Moses Wood Camp# 125 in Gaffney, South Carolina. Our Camp has been selling Urethane Crosses of Honor since October, 2010 due to the Extremely High Cost of the Caste Iron Cross of Honor. But the cost have continued to rise. I have attached the Urethane Cross of Honor Flyer for You to read. We had a Mold made from an Original UDC Caste Honor Cross. The Urethane Cross we sell has 2 components that are placed in a container, with a Black Pigment as well as an Ultraviolet Inhibitor added before the Mix is poured into the Mold. Then a 12" piece of Metal Rebar is inserted into the bottom of the Mold. The Mold is

then placed in an oven for Curing. The Mold is then removed from the oven and opened. The Edges of the Cross are then Trimmed, and the Cross is Ready to be Installed at a Confederate soldier's grave. We have sold over 2,500 Urethane Crosses to many SCV Camps, UDC Ladies, and individuals throughout the USA with about 65% being sold in the Southeast. Please show this to the Kennesaw Battlefield Camp Compatriots. Thanking You in advance for any Questions or Concerns You may Have! Robert Little Adjutant Camp Moses Wood# 125 Cell# (864) 542-5736

Looking for New Recruits!

When was the last time you tried to recruit new members for the Sons of Confederate Veterans and the Brig/Gen Benjamin G. Humphreys Camp?

Do you ever approach anyone and ask if they are interested? Try it once in awhile and you will find that there are prospective members waiting to hear about our organization.

Don't just wait for someone to ask you first.

Lead the Charge!



Keyboard Warriors Needed



*A special message
from the National
Chief of Heritage
Operations:*

Paul Graham



CALL FOR 1000 VOLUNTEERS!!!

HARKEN, COMPATRIOTS!

Vindicate the revered cause of our Confederate forebearers and take our message to the masses by enlisting in the Confederate Legion

KEYBOARD GUERRILLAS!

If you have a presence on social media,

WE NEED YOU!

Throughout the year, we shall dispatch sundry missives, comprising moving pictures (videos), engravings (pictures), and broadsides (memes)—to be delivered at strategic intervals, so that our message may **RING FORTH IN UNISON AND WITH RESOUNDING EFFECT!**

All requisite material shall be provided together with **BATTLE PLANS** before the date of execution.

YOUR DUTY as a Keyboard Guerrilla is but to **POST THE MISSIVE** When the **APPOINTED HOUR** arrives!

You do not have to be a Legionnaire or SCV member to participate!

Just enter your name, nom de guerre, alias, or preferred handle in the box below with your email address so that you'll be invited to join our next ride!

DEO VINDICE!



QR code to the Confederate Legion website to become a Keyboard Warrior

CALCULATING THE VALUE OF UNION

Brion McClanahan The Abbeville Institute

At our March 2026 conference on the Declaration of Independence, Daniel Miller, President of the Texas Nationalist Movement, explained how he asks one simple question when confronted by doubters and naysayers on secession: If your State was currently independent and with all that you know about the current government in Washington D.C., would you join the Union today?

He said the answer—from people on both sides of the political spectrum—is almost always a resounding, “No.” They are calculating the value of Union and find it wanting.

Polling data proves that secession is becoming more popular as the warfare State continues to bleed Americans dry. The “hustle economy” that has forced Americans into jobs they would never have considered just a couple of decades ago, particularly women who have sadly turned to online exploitation to earn some extra cash, is a result of inflation, high taxes, corruption, and modern corporatism. Strong one income nuclear families, the normal American condition before the 1980s, are nearly impossible in 2026. Americans feel economically, politically, and socially overwhelmed because the American unitary State has crushed the traditional American dream. The founding generation warned about this type of “consolidation” and “misconstruction,” and a substantial portion worried about the fusion of government, banking, and finance capital. “Diversity” as American States was a strength.

In fact, you could argue that every member of the founding generation was a reluctant secessionist. M. Andrew Holowchak’s recent article of Jefferson’s views of secession carried the right tone. Anyone who went to war with the British between 1775 and 1783 recognized the right to self-determination or the right of “secession.” But we forget that some, even the most ardent patriots during the War, made the decision reluctantly. John Dickinson hoped until the last that the union between Great Britain and America could be saved. George Washington served with distinction wearing the red coat and only came to conclusion that separation was necessary after “a long train of abuses and usurpations.” Conservatives dominated the First Continental Congress. As John C. Calhoun pointed out in final public speech in 1850, the founding generation moved to abandon their political connection with Great Britain only after it seemed all hope was lost. This is important as Calhoun considered himself to be a unionist to his final breath.

But no one thought secession was illegal. Not Jefferson. Not Washington. Not Gouverneur Morris who wrote the final draft of the Constitution through the Committee of Style, or Timothy Pickering who helped start the war in Massachusetts. In fact, Washington, like Edmund Randolph who famously refused to sign the Constitution at Philadelphia in September 1787, favored ratifying the Constitution because they worried about secession. If Virginia refused to ratify the document, both Washington and Randolph understood that Virginia would be an independent State free from the bonds of Union but also subject to the potential invasion of Great Britain. The Union offered protection and therefore was preferable to independence in 1788. That was the point. The Constitution and previous Articles of Confederation created a common umpire for the preservation of the States and the people thereof. But when that umpire ceased to call a fair game and instead rigged the rules for one group of States over another, Calhoun argued that the South had no choice but to choose independence. Yet, he did so with a heavy heart.

Even in 1860 and 1861, many Southerners cast a vote for independence with reservation, just as their fathers and grandfathers had done in 1776, and while cannons blasted, crowds cheered, and newly designed flags waved, their hearts still longed for the original Union. Howell Cobb suggested the Southern Union be called “The Republic of Washington,” while the Confederate Constitution of 1861 reflected Southern devotion to the original understanding of the United States Constitution.

All of these men calculated the value of Union and found it to be deficient. This does not make them traitors or unamerican. The opposite would be true. Jefferson could be concerned about the potential effects of secession on Virginia or the rest of the Union and still agree that it was not only legal but possible and preferable under the proper conditions. He was not alone in that sentiment. The founding generation, like their sons and grandsons in 1861, were men of action in a time of action who carefully weighed the benefits and burdens of union and decided independence was the rightful remedy.

Those who advance secession in the twenty-first century follow the same path. When Representative Antonio Parkinson of Memphis, Tennessee recently raised the prospect that Memphis should secede from Tennessee, he was acting squarely within the American tradition of self-determination. We can debate the legal parameters of city rather than State secession, but Parkinson tapped into what William B. Travis called the “American character” at the Alamo in 1836.

Most Americans love the flag, the symbols, the Constitution, and their shared history, but as Miller has discovered, trillions of dollars of debt, endless foreign wars, replacement immigration, political corruption and executive government, centralization of power, and a stagnant economy have forged a new generation of “reluctant secessionists.” That is very Jeffersonian of them. Brion McClanahan is the President of The Abbeville Institute.

Jefferson Davis: A Life of Service Before and After the War Between the States

By Jeff Cartwright

Jefferson Davis is most often remembered for his role as President of the Confederate States of America, but his life and public career stretched far beyond the four years of the Civil War. Long before 1861, Davis had already built a record as a soldier, statesman, cabinet officer, and respected public figure. After the war, he continued to write, speak, and represent the memories and convictions of a generation that had lived through one of the most difficult periods in American history.

Born in Kentucky on June 1, 1808 and raised in Mississippi, Davis received a military education at the United States Military Academy at West Point, graduating in 1828. His early service in the United States Army helped form the discipline, bearing, and sense of duty that would mark much of his public life. Though he eventually left the army and returned to Mississippi, Davis remained closely connected to military affairs and public service.

Davis first entered national politics as a member of the United States House of Representatives from Mississippi. His time in Congress was interrupted by the Mexican-American War, where he resigned his seat to serve in the field. As colonel of the Mississippi Rifles, Davis distinguished himself at the battles of Monterrey and Buena Vista. His conduct in Mexico earned him a reputation for courage, leadership, and devotion to his men.

After the war, Davis returned to public life as a United States senator from Mississippi. In Washington, he became known as a serious and capable statesman, especially on questions involving military organization, national defense, and constitutional government. His experience as both a soldier and legislator made him one of the most prominent Southern leaders of his generation.

One of Davis’s most significant prewar accomplishments came during his service as United States Secretary of War under President Franklin Pierce from 1853 to 1857. In that position, Davis worked to improve the army, strengthen coastal defenses, support military exploration, and modernize the nation’s military system. His tenure also coincided with important public works in Washington, including construction connected to

the expansion of the United States Capitol. By the time he returned to the Senate in 1857, Davis had served his state and country in the army, Congress, the Senate, and the cabinet.

After the Civil War, Davis faced hardship, imprisonment, and the loss of political power. Yet he remained a figure of great importance to many in the South. In later years, he lived at Beauvoir on the Mississippi Gulf Coast, where he devoted much of his energy to writing and reflection. His major work, *The Rise and Fall of the Confederate Government*, published in 1881, presented his account of the events leading to the war and the struggle that followed. Whether one agrees with all of his conclusions or not, the work stands as an important historical document written by one of the central figures of the era.

Davis also became a symbol of endurance to many former Confederates during the difficult years of Reconstruction and reconciliation. He traveled, spoke publicly when health permitted, and remained deeply connected to Mississippi and the Southern people. His later life was marked not by military command or political office, but by memory, writing, and a continued commitment to the principles he believed had guided his public career.

Jefferson Davis's life cannot be understood only through the lens of the Civil War. He was a West Point graduate, a Mexican War veteran, a United States congressman, a United States senator, a cabinet officer, an author, and a Mississippian whose life reflected many of the great struggles and transformations of the nineteenth century. His story is one of service, conviction, hardship, and historical significance—before, during, and after the war.

NATIONAL BATTLEFIELD PARKS AND HISTORIC SITES -THE PRESENT WOKE NARRATIVE OF GUILT

While a visit to a U.S. National Battlefield Park today can be a most educational and enjoyable occasion, unfortunately, sometimes a standard park service tour can provide a degree of unpleasantness. Brion McClanahan, the podcaster who so often has written for the Abbeville Institute and author of *The Politically Incorrect Guide to the Founding Fathers*, states it simply: "The woke narrative focuses on guilt rather than positive aspects of American History." Consequently, in order to observe this fact one only has to visit any nationally sponsored site. For instance at Fort Pulaski, situated on the Georgia coast, the man who later burned the Shenandoah Valley while overseeing war crimes against Virginia civilians, David Hunter is honored for instituting an "emancipation order", which was rescinded by Abraham Lincoln. Another fine example is Stones River National Battlefield Park near Murfreesboro, Tennessee, where historic paintings have been removed following complaints from disgruntled African Americans who claimed that the paintings were racist in nature. Another case in point of the NPS narrative can be found at Vicksburg National Military Park, whereas Lincoln and Ulysses S. Grant bobblehead dolls are sold at the front desk, while nary a Confederate hero caricature nor battle flag can be found anywhere. Arguably visitors to these national government installations are much more historically aware when regarding true American stalwarts, such as Dylan Roof, Michael Brown, Travon Martin, and of course that great American, George Floyd.

Nevertheless, none of the aforementioned locales can surpass Franklin National Battlefield Park, and in particular the Carter House, where the national government-woke narrative can be clearly witnessed. The Carter House tour begins with a slave cabin that has been strategically placed and used as the sole cause of the War Between the States, as the guide is so eager to point out that slaveholding was not only in practice on the large plantations, but as well by "doctors, lawyers, store keepers, along with nearly every other occupation." Later during the tour, the NPS guide narrates the during the tour, the NPS guide narrates a story while in the basement of the Carter home, where several empty chairs are placed around a large room. It is here where he takes you around the room, describing each family member who was seeking shelter there while the battle during November of 1864 raged outside the dwelling. "...and here we have a teenaged slave boy who most likely was the son of the eldest Carter son...." Of course, the political narrative insinuations continue, all while no legitimate evidence is conveyed. Further still, how can anyone ignore the guide's comparisons of 1860s Tennesseans to the 1960s Vietnamese, for at the end of the day, good loyal Yankee soldiers had a difficult time differentiating between friend and foe. . Oh well, at least one has the splendid chance to purchase a Taylor Swift coloring book or a 1619 Project book while strolling through the gift shop on the way out. It is no great mystery as to why the Sons of Confederate Veterans have decided to boycott Franklin National Battlefield Park.

Essentially and quite unfortunately these outrages are not limited to the government national military park scene. There's also former U.S. President's homes, such as Andrew Jackson's Hermitage in Nashville, where nearly at every turn signs can be viewed and read regarding the "enslaved peoples" who lived there. Similarly, a trip to Monticello in Virginia will gain you the story of the slave girl, Sally Hemmings, the alleged mother of several of Thomas Jefferson's children. Again, this is an alleged claim—this one made during the time of Bill Clinton's affairs while he was president, in an attempt to make his immorality more acceptable. Since Jefferson left no male heirs, and there were more than thirty Jefferson men who lived in the vicinity during that time period, it is impossible to prove such a theory that Thomas Jefferson fathered any of the Hemmings children (read *The Jefferson Lies*, by David Barton). Finally, a journey to Robert E. Lee's boyhood home, Stratford Hall, will offer another tour-guide experience, for it is reported by Camp 2257 Adjutant Duane Peachey that it was there that he was informed that Lee was a slave-beater.

Clearly, the woke left has seized the opportunity to indoctrinate the American citizenry with guilt and shame at these historical landmarks, and it is no wonder that attendance is down these days, according to McClanahan. After all, who wants to be preached the gospel of American evil while on vacation? Regarding appropriate dogma in today's museum climate, Jackson's Michigan Military Heritage Museum Director and Camp 2257 Compatriot Scott Gerych states: "Stick to history, we're in America, it already happened." Gerych adds that when confronted by a student about his improper use of current pronouns, Director Gerych responded with, "History doesn't care about your pronouns." Likewise, Frankenmuth's Michigan Heroes Museum Chief Curator and Camp 2257 Compatriot John Auger advises to "not get into politics", and when challenged regarding the lack of "black people" in the Heroes museum, he explained: "We don't actively pursue stories on black people. Only two percent of World War II soldiers were black." Obviously, more historical truths along with some common sense could be likewise incorporated at the national level as well.

So.....what is to be done when planning an adventure to a national battlefield park or historic site? First of all, if one does decide to endure an NPS tour, take mental notes during the time there, and be sure to challenge the guide with some questions at the conclusion of the tour. These guides are not used to preaching to anyone other than human sheep, and are therefore made uncomfortable by the inconvenience of relevant questions. This will cause at least some of the visitors in attendance to think about the experience and narrative presented. However, conversely and quite fortunately, there is an alternate solution.

According to Ole Miss University historian Starke Miller, there are "good private tour guides at most battlefields." Starke give tours at Shiloh during the spring and fall, and Larry DeBerry at Shiloh Tours and Museum "gives great tours anytime, for as short as two hours." Miller states that Gettysburg, Sharpsburg, and Vicksburg have licensed battlefield guides. "Ask for a Southern one," he adds. Starke Miller can be found on social media, particularly Facebook where he often shares a wealth of historical knowledge and advice. Insightfully he once stated that the Vicksburg visitor center is a good place to "PEE." Lastly, we as trustees of our heritage cannot afford to ignore the insults hurled upon our Confederate ancestors, kin, and heroes. Therefore, the duty is ours to stand for historical truth. If we do not, then who else will?

Below: Stark Miller (MS Division SCV Member) conducting tours the correct way and truthful way.



Battle of First Manassas (Bull Run)

July 21, 1861

On July 16, the Union 90-day volunteer army under McDowell—around 35,000 troops with great enthusiasm and little training—sets out from Washington, D.C. The Confederates under Beauregard, equally green, are positioned behind Bull Run Creek west of Centreville. They aim to block the Union army advance on the Confederate capital by defending the railroad junction at Manassas, just west of the creek. The railroads there connect the strategically important Shenandoah Valley with the Virginia interior. Another Confederate army under Gen. Joseph E. Johnston operates in the Valley and is poised to reinforce Beauregard. McDowell's plan is to make quick work of Beauregard's force before Johnston can join him.

On July 17, both sides skirmish along Bull Run at Blackburn's Ford near the center of Beauregard's line. The inconclusive fight causes McDowell

to revise his attack plan, which requires three more days to implement. Meanwhile, Johnston's men in the Valley manage to elude the Federals and board trains headed for Bull Run. They arrive at the scene on July 20.



UNION
Irvin McDowell

July 21. McDowell's early morning advance up Bull Run Creek to cross behind Beauregard's left is hampered by an ambitious plan that requires complex synchronization. Constant delays on the march by the green officers and their troops, as well as effective scouting by the Confederates, give McDowell's movements away. Later that morning, McDowell's artillery shells the Confederates across Bull Run near a stone bridge. Two divisions finally cross at Sudley Ford and make their way south behind the Confederate left flank. Beauregard sends three brigades to handle what he thinks is only a distraction, while planning his own flanking movement of the Union left.

The Federals have the upper hand throughout the morning as they drive Confederate forces back from Matthews Hill. The retreating Confederates rally on an open hilltop near the home of the widow Judith Henry, where a brigade of Virginia regiments led by Brig. Gen. Thomas J. Jackson assembles. Jackson forms the scattered Confederate artillery into a formidable line on the eastern slope of the hill with his infantry hidden in the tall grass behind the guns.

As the Confederates reinforce their lines, McDowell pauses his attack. Consolidating his own forces, he moves more divisions across Bull Run and occupies Chinn Ridge, west of Henry Hill. Then McDowell blunders. He places two rifled artillery batteries on the western side of Henry Hill within 300 yards of Jackson's guns. Union infantry regiments soon become targets of Jackson's nearby artillery. A contest between infantry and artillery erupts, causing havoc and accidentally killing Judith Henry in the crossfire as she hides in her home.

Jackson's men hold firm. Sometime during the fighting, Confederate Brig. Gen. Bernard Bee calls encourages his own brigade to rally with Jackson, who, he declares, is standing like a "stone wall." Although he is killed in action, Bee's statement lives on, and from that moment Jack-

son is known as "Stonewall."

Late in the afternoon, Confederate reinforcements under Col. Jubal Early extend the Confederate line and attack the Union right flank on Chinn Ridge. Jackson's men advance across the top of Henry Hill and push back the Federal infantry, capturing some of the guns. The withdrawal of the Union center quickly spreads to the flanks. Virginia cavalry under Col. James Ewell Brown "Jeb" Stuart arrive on the field and charge into a confused mass of Union regiments. The Federals retreat.

As the battle ends, the Confederates are bolstered by the arrival from Richmond of President Jefferson Davis, but the victorious forces are too disorganized to pursue the Federals. McDowell's fleeing forces, already hampered by narrow bridges and overturned wagons, are further impeded by hordes of fleeing civilian spectators, who had come down from Washington to enjoy the spectacle. By July 22, the remnants of the shattered Union army reach the safety of Washington, D.C. McDowell is later relieved of his command.

FORCES ENGAGED

60,680

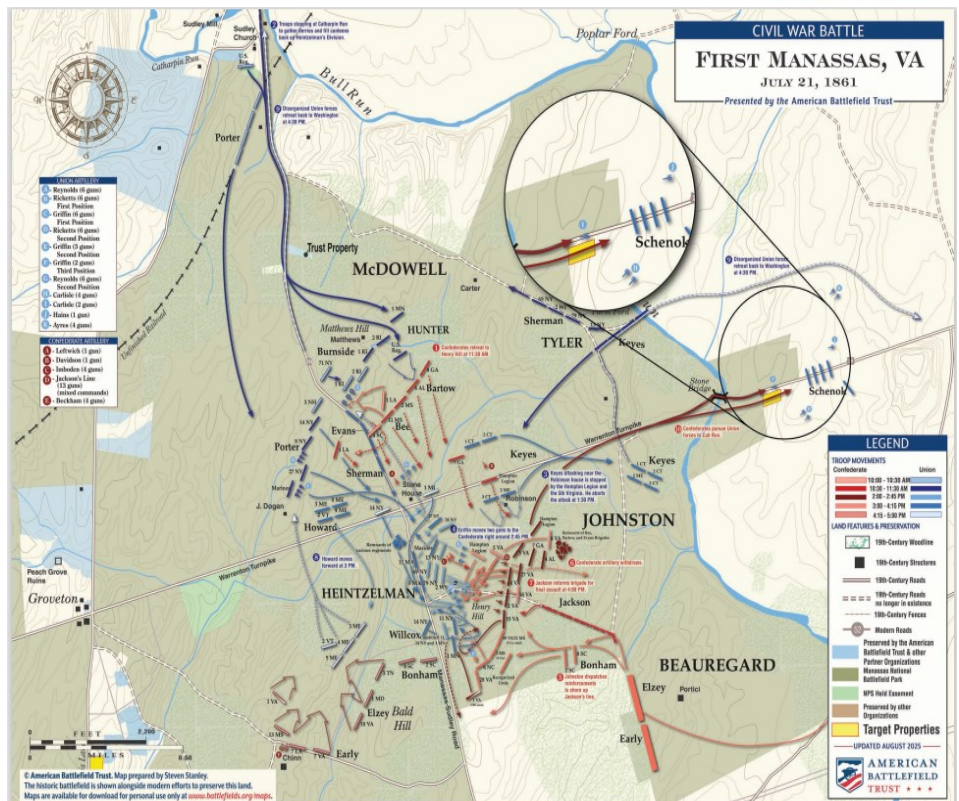
UNION
28,450



CONFED.
32,230



CONFEDERATE
P. G. T. Beauregard



ESTIMATED CASUALTIES

4,878

UNION
2,896

460 killed
1,124 wounded
1,312 missing & captured

UNION
2,896



CONFED.
1,982

CONFEDERATE
1,982

387 killed
1,582 wounded
13 missing & captured

Brig/Gen. Benjamin G.
Humphreys Camp
#1625
1412 North Park Dr
Greenwood, MS
38930

E-mail:
confederate@suddenlink.net

Website:
www.humphreys1625.com



Charge to the Sons of Confederate Veterans

"To you, Sons of Confederate Veterans, we will commit the vindication of the cause for which we fought. To your strength will be given the defense of the Confederate soldier's good name, the guardianship of his history, the emulation of his virtues, the perpetuation of those principles which he loved and which you love also, and those ideals which made him glorious and which you also cherish."

LT. GENERAL STEPHEN DILL LEE, COMMANDER GENERAL,
UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, APRIL 25, 1906.